

**Instructions:** Do 8 problems in total, with exactly two problems from Part I, and at least two problems from each of Parts II and III. If you attempt more than 8 problems, identify which 8 should be graded. Justify your answers and clearly indicate which “well-known” theorems you cite.

**Part I**

1. Suppose that  $(X, \tau)$  is a topological space and that  $\tau$  is closed under arbitrary intersections. Prove that  $(X, \tau)$  is Hausdorff if and only if  $(X, \tau)$  is discrete.

2. Let  $A$  be a non-empty subset of the metric space  $X$  and define  $f(x) = \inf\{d(x, a) \mid a \in A\}$ . Show that  $f(x) = 0$  if and only if  $x \in \overline{A}$ .

3. Let  $I$  be the unit interval  $[0, 1]$  in  $\mathbb{R}$  and let  $X = \mathcal{C}(I, I)$  be the space of continuous maps from  $I$  to  $I$  with the compact-open topology. For each  $x \in I$ , let

$$U_x = \left\{ f : I \rightarrow I : |f(x) - x| < \frac{1}{2} \right\}.$$

- (a) Prove that the collection  $\{U_x\}_{x \in I}$  is an open cover of  $X$ .
- (b) Prove or disprove: the collection  $\{U_x\}_{x \in I}$  has a finite subcover.

4. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be spaces and let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$ . Prove that  $f$  is a continuous injection if and only if the following diagram is a pullback square:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{id} & X \\ id \downarrow & & \downarrow f \\ X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \end{array}$$

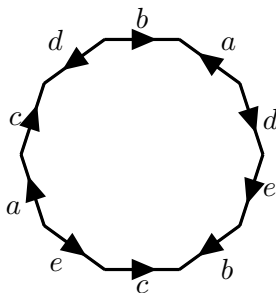
**Part II**

5. Let  $X = S^1 \vee S^1$  be the figure-8 graph with loops labeled  $a, b$ . Let  $f : X \rightarrow X$  be a map such that  $f_*(a) = ba$  and  $f_*(b) = bab$ . Let  $Y$  be the *mapping torus* of  $f$ :

$$Y = X \times [0, 1] / \sim, \text{ where } (x, 0) \sim (f(x), 1).$$

Construct a  $\Delta$ -complex structure on  $Y$ , and use it to give a presentation of  $\pi_1(Y)$ .

6. Find three connected non-homeomorphic 2-fold covering spaces of  $\mathbb{R}P^2 \vee S^1$ .
- (a) Justify algebraically.
  - (b) Describe the covers using a sketch or otherwise.
7. Prove that if  $X$  is a path connected space and  $x, y \in X$  then the based loop spaces  $\Omega(X, x)$  and  $\Omega(X, y)$  are homotopy equivalent.
8. Let  $X$  be the quotient space of a cube  $I^3$  obtained by identifying each pair of opposite square faces with a right-handed quarter-twist. Find a presentation for  $\pi_1(X)$ .
9. State the classification of closed surfaces. Compute the Euler characteristic of the surface obtained by identifying the sides of the polygon drawn below, write down a presentation for its fundamental group, and identify which surface it is.



**Part III**

10. On the Klein bottle  $K$ , let  $\gamma$  be the small closed curve shown in the figure. Let  $M$  be a Möbius band. Let  $X = K \cup M / \sim$ , where  $\gamma$  is identified with  $\partial M$ . Use the Mayer-Vietoris theorem to compute the homology groups of  $X$ .



11. Let  $\mathbf{Top}$  be the category of topological spaces and let  $\mathbf{Ab}$  be the category of graded abelian groups.
- (a) Describe singular homology as a functor  $H : \mathbf{Top} \rightarrow \mathbf{Ab}$ .
  - (b) Does the functor  $H$  have a left or right adjoint  $\mathbf{Ab} \rightarrow \mathbf{Top}$ ?

**12.** Recall that  $H^{2n}(\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n, \mathbb{Z}) \simeq \mathbb{Z}$ . A map  $f : \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n$  is *orientation preserving* if the map  $f^* : H^{2n}(\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n) \rightarrow H^{2n}(\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n)$  is multiplication by a nonnegative integer. Prove that if  $n$  is even, then every map  $f : \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^n$  is orientation preserving.

**13.** Let  $T$  and  $K$  denote the torus and Klein bottle. Prove that for any map  $f : T \rightarrow K$ , the map  $f^* : H^2(K; \mathbb{Z}_2) \rightarrow H^2(T; \mathbb{Z}_2)$  is trivial. You may use the cup product structure on the cohomology of these spaces without proof as long as you state it clearly.

**14.** Let  $M$  be a closed, connected, orientable 4-manifold with  $\pi_1(M) \cong \mathbb{Z} * \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\chi(M) = 5$ .

(a) Compute  $H_i(M, \mathbb{Z})$  for all  $i$ .

(b) Let  $X$  be a CW-complex with no 3-cells. Show that  $M$  is not homotopy equivalent to  $X$ .